

# SCAM SAFETY

A reference guide on how to recognize, avoid, and respond to **email**, **web**, and **telephone** scams

## How to Use This Guide

Keep this guide somewhere accessible. If you encounter something you think could be a scam, you can reference the information on this document. Points written in black are relevant to all types of scams, while colored text indicates information about a specific type of scam.

## What are Scams?

Scams aim to trick you into sending money, revealing personal information, or downloading malware onto your computer.

## Scam Warning Signs

- Spelling or grammar errors are present.
- Incorrect, blurry, or outdated company logos are used.
- There is alarming or urgent messaging, such as a deadline.
- Correspondence uses a generic method of referring to you (“Hi dear,” “Dear valued customer”), instead of your real name.
  - A legitimate company will use your name in its correspondence with you if it knows your name.
- Primarily **email** and **web**: urges you to click a link or download something. Companies typically do not ask you to download files via email. You should be able to find it through an official medium, such as their website.
- **Email**: The email address from a company uses a public domain instead of a company domain.
- Legitimate companies will use customized domains (customersupport@netflix.com) as opposed to free email providers (netflix@gmail.com).
- **Email**: It claims to be a company or colleague while the email address does not match or is a jumbled mess.
- **Web**: The site uses a URL unrelated to the company.
  - Watch out for subdomains; make sure the primary domain is legitimate.
- **Telephone**: The caller claims they are from a government organization that you have had no other contact with.
- **Telephone**: An automated sales call from a corporation or someone offering something for free.
- **Telephone**: The caller asks for personal information, or the voice is automated.

See [scamsafety.kaveergera.com](https://scamsafety.kaveergera.com) for more scam safety information.

Created as a part of Kaveer Gera's Eagle Scout Project.

## Common Scam Tactics

- Offers a free gift card or prize.
- The message creates urgency or fear if you do not follow their instructions.
  - “Your account will be terminated in 24 hours! Click this link!” or “I’m stuck in another country, and I need money fast!”
- Impersonation: the scammer pretends to be a person or company you know.
  - Impersonates one of your friends or family asking for money for transport, for a project, to get out of jail, etc.
  - Claims a company sent you too much money and you must return the balance.
- The scammer uses similar characters in email addresses or URLs (rnark95@gmail.com instead of mark95@gmail.com) to fool you into thinking they’re the right person.
- Primarily **email** and **web**: claims your computer has a virus which will delete all your files or reveal your personal information.
- Claims an account has been suspended and prompts you to click a link to reopen your account.
- Buttons often lead to elaborate spoof sites that imitate the legitimate site and steal the account information you enter.

## Verifying Legitimacy

- Call the relevant company or person the potential scam is claiming to be.
  - Ensure you find their contact information independently of the information in the suspicious email, website, or phone call.
- **Email**: Check the email address the suspicious message was sent from.
  - If you do not recognize it as who the email sender is claiming to be, it is likely a scam.
- **Email** and **web**: Hover over links to see the linked URLs.
- **Web**: Check that the URL primary domain is the company the site claims to be.
- **Telephone**: Ask questions about the organization or ask them to reach out to you in another way.

## What to Do If You Have Been Scammed

- Remain calm.
- If you shared or entered any passwords or personal information, immediately change the relevant passwords.
- If you sent any money, immediately contact your bank or other issuing financial institution to cancel the money transfer.
- If you downloaded a file, do not open it. Delete it and empty your trash/recycle bin, then run an antivirus scan.
- Don’t be ashamed to seek help; scams happen to everyone.

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